

4.3. Contraindications

KETOVER MOUTHWASH is contraindicated in patients with hypersensitivity to the drug and in patients with allergic reactions such as asthma, urticaria or rhinitis in the use of NSAIDs

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

- Use only in the mouth, avoid contact with eyes and ears.
- Long-term use of topical medicines may cause sensitivity, in which case treatment should be discontinued and appropriate therapeutic measures taken
- Methylparaben in KETOVER MOUTHWASH may cause allergic reactions (possibly delayed).

4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interactions

No interaction has been reported with co-administration of KETOVER MOUTHWASH with other topical or systemic drugs.

4.6. Pregnancy and lactation

General recommendation

Pregnancy category: C

Women with childbearing potential / Birth control (Contraception)

Unknown.

Pregnancy

Studies on animals are insufficient in terms of effects on pregnancy / and / or / embryonal / fetal development / and / or delivery / and / or postnatal development. The potential risk for humans is unknown.

KETOVER MOUTHWASH should not be used during pregnancy unless it is necessary.

Lactation

Ketoprofen passes into breast milk. Ketoprofen is not recommended for breastfeeding mothers although the systemic absorption after topical application is low at the indicated doses.

Reproduction/Fertility

The effect on fertility is unknown.

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use of machines

No effect on the ability to drive and use the machine.

4.8. Undesirable effects

The specified undesirable effects are classified according to the following rule:

Very common ($\geq 1/10$); common ($\geq 1/100$ to $< 1/10$); uncommon ($\geq 1/1.000$ to $< 1/100$), rare ($\geq 1/10.000$ to $< 1/1.000$); very rare ($< 1/10.000$); not known (cannot be estimated from the available data).

Immune system disorders:

Unknown: Allergic reaction

Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders:

Unknown: Irritation

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions

Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorization of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit/risk balance of the medicinal product. Healthcare professionals are asked to report any suspected adverse reactions via Turkish Pharmacovigilance Center (TÜFAM). (www.titck.gov.tr; e-mail: tufam@titck.gov.tr; tel.: 800 314 00 08; fax: 0 312 218 35 99)

4.9. Overdose

There is no overdose due to topical application. Accidental ingestion may cause systemic effects, depending on the amount ingested. In this case, supportive and indicated treatment and gastric lavage should be applied.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Pharmacotherapeutic group: [Other Throat Preparations](#)

ATC Code: [R02AX](#)

Ketoprofen, a non-steroidal antiinflammatory agent with analgesic and antipyretic properties, has been shown to inhibit the synthesis of prostaglandins and leukotriene and to have stabilizing effects on anti-bradykinin and lysosomal membranes.

Ketoprofen is a propionic acid derivative and a non-steroidal antiinflammatory drug with potent anti-inflammatory and analgesic effects. The lysine salt of ketoprofen is more water soluble than ketoprofen. There are inhibitory effects of ketoprofen on prostaglandin and leukotriene synthesis. It is an inhibitor of cyclooxygenase and lipoxygenase pathways. Inhibition of prostaglandin synthesis provides potent anti-inflammatory and analgesic effects. Lipoxygenase inhibitors weakens the cellular inflammation. Ketoprofen is a potent inhibitor of bradykinin (a chemical mediator of pain and inflammation), it stabilizes lysosomal membranes against osmotic damage and inhibits the release of lysosomal enzymes that cause tissue destruction in inflammatory reactions.

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Absorption:

Oral topical dexketoprofen shows absorption in very small amounts. Systemic effect is not expected due to low systemic bioavailability.. It does not accumulate in the body.

Distribution:

Following a single oral dose, the maximum blood concentration is reached within 2 hours. The plasma half-life of ketoprofen ranges from 1 to 3 hours and is bound to plasma proteins by 60-90%.

Biotransformation and elimination:

Elimination takes place essentially as glucuronide conjugates from urinary tract; approximately 90% of the administered dose is extracted within 24 hours.

Linearity/Non-linearity:

Since the effect of the product is local, the linearity between the applied dose and the systemic effect cannot be determined.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Not applicable.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1. List of excipients

Glycerin
Ethyl Alcohol
Methyl Paraben
Mint aroma
Sodium Saccharin
Patent Blue (E131)
Quinoline Yellow (E104)
Sodium Bicarbonate
Polyoxyl 40 Hydrogenated Castor Oil
Deionized water

6.2. Incompatibilities

There is no evidence that KETOBER MOUTHWASH is incompatible with any drug or substance.

6.3. Shelf life

24 months

6.4. Special precautions for storage

Store at room temperature below 25°C.

6.5. Nature and contents of container

KETOBER MOUTHWASH is available in amber colored glass bottles (Type III) closed with pilfer-proof HDPE cap containing plastic seal.

Each carton box contains one bottle containing 150 ml solution and one measuring cup with 10 ml marking.

6.6. Special precautions for disposal and other handling

Any unused product or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with “Directive on Control of Medical Waste” and “Directive on the Control of Packaging and Packaging Waste”.

7. MARKETING AUTHORIZATION HOLDER

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8. MARKETING AUTHORIZATION NUMBER(S)

2014/608

9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORIZATION / RENEWAL OF THE AUTHORIZATION

Date of the first authorization: 06.08.2014

Date of the renewal of the authorization: 23.01.2020

10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

10.08.2016